



# OpenHPC (v4.0) Cluster Building Recipes

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AlmaLinux 10 Base OS

OpenCHAMI/SLURM Edition for Linux\* (x86\_64)

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# 1 Introduction

This guide presents a simple cluster installation procedure using components from the OpenHPC software stack. OpenHPC represents an aggregation of a number of common ingredients required to deploy and manage an HPC Linux\* cluster including provisioning tools, resource management, I/O clients, development tools, and a variety of scientific libraries. These packages have been pre-built with HPC integration in mind while conforming to common Linux distribution standards. The documentation herein is intended to be reasonably generic, but uses the underlying motivation of a small, 4-node stateless cluster installation to define a step-by-step process. Several optional customizations are included and the intent is that these collective instructions can be modified as needed for local site customizations.

**Base Linux Edition:** this edition of the guide highlights installation without the use of a companion configuration management system and directly uses distro-provided package management tools for component selection. The steps that follow also highlight specific changes to system configuration files that are required as part of the cluster install process.

## 1.1 Target Audience

This guide is targeted at experienced Linux system administrators for HPC environments. Knowledge of software package management, system networking, and PXE booting is assumed. Command-line input examples are highlighted throughout this guide via the following syntax:

```
[sms]# echo "OpenHPC hello world"
```

Unless specified otherwise, the examples presented are executed with elevated (root) privileges. The examples also presume use of the BASH login shell, though the equivalent commands in other shells can be substituted. In addition to specific command-line instructions called out in this guide, an alternate convention is used to highlight potentially useful tips or optional configuration options. These tips are highlighted via the following format:

### Tip

Life is a tale told by an idiot, full of sound and fury signifying nothing. –Willy Shakes

## 1.2 Requirements/Assumptions

This installation recipe assumes the availability of a single head node *master*, and four *compute* nodes. The *master* node serves as the overall system management server (SMS) and is provisioned with AlmaLinux 10 and is subsequently configured to provision the remaining *compute* nodes with OpenCHAMI in a stateless configuration. The terms *master* and SMS are used interchangeably in this guide. For power management, we assume that the compute node baseboard management controllers (BMCs) are available via IPMI from the chosen master host. For file systems, we assume that the chosen master server will host an NFS file system that is made available to the compute nodes. Installation information is also discussed to optionally mount a parallel file system and in this case, the parallel file system is assumed to exist previously.

An outline of the physical architecture discussed is shown in Figure 1 and highlights the high-level networking configuration. The *master* host requires at least two Ethernet interfaces with *eth0* connected to the local data center network and *eth1* used to provision and manage the cluster backend (note that these



Figure 1: Overview of physical cluster architecture.

interface names are examples and may be different depending on local settings and OS conventions). Two logical IP interfaces are expected to each compute node: the first is the standard Ethernet interface that will be used for provisioning and resource management. The second is used to connect to each host's BMC and is used for power management and remote console access. Physical connectivity for these two logical IP networks is often accommodated via separate cabling and switching infrastructure; however, an alternate configuration can also be accommodated via the use of a shared NIC, which runs a packet filter to divert management packets between the host and BMC. Independent of the actual networking configuration it is recommended to have additional security boundaries like a firewall to protect the network interfaces from the Internet.

In addition to the IP networking, there is an optional high-speed network (InfiniBand or Omni-Path in this recipe) that is also connected to each of the hosts. This high speed network is used for application message passing and optionally for parallel file system connectivity as well (e.g. to existing Lustre or BeeGFS storage targets).

### 1.3 Inputs

As this recipe details installing a cluster starting from bare-metal, there is a requirement to define IP addresses and gather hardware MAC addresses in order to support a controlled provisioning process. These values are necessarily unique to the hardware being used, and this document uses variable substitution (`${variable}`) in the command-line examples that follow to highlight where local site inputs are required. A summary of the required and optional variables used throughout this recipe are presented below. Note that while the example definitions above correspond to a small 4-node compute subsystem, the compute parameters are defined in array format to accommodate logical extension to larger node counts.

- `${sms_name}` # Hostname for SMS server
- `${sms_ip}` # Internal IP address on SMS server
- `${sms_eth_internal}` # Internal Ethernet interface on SMS
- `${internal_network}` # Subnet network address for internal network
- `${internal_netmask}` # Subnet netmask for internal network
- `${ntp_server}` # Local ntp server for time synchronization
- `${bmc_username}` # BMC username for use by IPMI
- `${bmc_password}` # BMC password for use by IPMI
- `${num_computes}` # Total # of desired compute nodes
- `${c_ip[0]}, ${c_ip[1]}, ...` # Desired compute node addresses
- `${c_bmc[0]}, ${c_bmc[1]}, ...` # BMC addresses for computes
- `${c_mac[0]}, ${c_mac[1]}, ...` # MAC addresses for computes
- `${c_name[0]}, ${c_name[1]}, ...` # Host names for computes
- `${compute_regex}` # Regex matching all compute node names (e.g. "c\*")
- `${compute_prefix}` # Prefix for compute node names (e.g. "c")

Optional:

- `${sysmgmt_host}` # BeeGFS System Management host name
- `${mgs_fs_name}` # Lustre MGS mount name
- `${sms_ipoib}` # IPoIB address for SMS server
- `${ipoib_netmask}` # Subnet netmask for internal IPoIB
- `${c_ipoib[0]}, ${c_ipoib[1]}, ...` # IPoIB addresses for computes

## 2 Install Base Operating System (BOS)

In an external setting, installing the desired BOS on a *master* SMS host typically involves booting from a DVD ISO image on a new server. With this approach, insert the AlmaLinux 10 DVD, power cycle the host, and follow the distro provided directions to install the BOS on your chosen *master* host. Alternatively, if choosing to use a pre-installed server, please verify that it is provisioned with the required AlmaLinux 10 distribution.

Prior to beginning the installation process of OpenHPC components, several additional considerations are noted here for the SMS host configuration. First, the installation recipe herein assumes that the SMS host name is resolvable locally. Depending on the manner in which you installed the BOS, there may be an adequate entry already defined in `/etc/hosts`. If not, the following addition can be used to identify your SMS host.

```
[sms]# echo ${sms_ip} ${sms_name} >> /etc/hosts
```

While it is theoretically possible to enable SELinux on a cluster provisioned with OpenCHAMI, doing so is beyond the scope of this document. Even the use of permissive mode can be problematic and we therefore recommend disabling SELinux on the *master* SMS host. If SELinux components are installed locally, the `selinuxenabled` command can be used to determine if SELinux is currently enabled. If enabled, consult the distro documentation for information on how to disable.

Finally, provisioning services rely on DHCP, TFTP, and HTTP network protocols. Depending on the local BOS configuration on the SMS host, default firewall rules may prohibit these services. Consequently, this recipe assumes that the local firewall running on the SMS host is disabled (it is still recommended to have additional security boundaries like a firewall to protect the cluster from the Internet). If installed, the

default firewall service can be disabled as follows:

```
[sms]# systemctl disable firewalld || true
[sms]# systemctl stop firewalld || true
```

## 3 Install OpenCHAMI and Provision Nodes with SMD

Installation is completed in a few parts. First we build the images that the *compute* nodes will boot off of. Then we configure the cloud-init steps to add a local account, mount remote file systems, and inject the munge key into the OS. OpenHPC components will be added to both the SMS and compute nodes. The SMS will get the components during install, and compute nodes will get them during image builds.

### 3.1 OpenCHAMI prerequisites

Add SMS name to `/etc/hosts` so we can make API calls by hostname

```
[sms]# echo "${sms_ip} ${sms_name}" >> /etc/hosts
```

### 3.2 Enable OpenCHAMI repository for local use

To begin we need to add the OpenCHAMI RPM to the SMS node, by adding it to the list of available packages locally. This requires network access from the *master* node to the internet.

```
[sms]# dnf -y install podman buildah ansible-core nfs-utils tcpdump tftp curl yq
[sms]# rpm --import https://github.com/OpenCHAMI/release/releases/download/v4LONG/public_gpg_key.asc
[sms]# dnf -y install https://github.com/OpenCHAMI/release/releases/download/v4LONG/openchami-4LONG.rpm
```

### 3.3 Setting no proxy

OpenCHAMI runs its own internal proxy for services which may not interact well if you run another httpd server. Here we set the no proxy variable to prevent lookups.

```
[sms]# export additional_no_proxy="${sms_name},opaal,opaal-idp,smd,smd-init,hydra,cloud-init,acme-deploy,bss,haproxy,postgres,slurm"
[sms]# if [ -z "$no_proxy" ]; then
[sms]#     export no_proxy="$additional_no_proxy"
[sms]# else
[sms]#     export no_proxy="$no_proxy,$additional_no_proxy"
[sms]# fi
[sms]# if [ -z "$NO_PROXY" ]; then
[sms]#     export NO_PROXY="$additional_no_proxy"
[sms]# else
[sms]#     export NO_PROXY="$NO_PROXY,$additional_no_proxy"
[sms]# fi
```

### 3.4 Setup DHCP

OpenCHAMI uses CoreDHCP as the DHCP service to provide IP Addresses to nodes, there is a default configuration in place that we need to overwrite.



Of Note if your router address is different than the internal network address .254 you will need to change this file on your own. CoreDHCP has been configured to only provide addresses to nodes it knows. There are some extra [configuration changes](#) you can make to change that

```
[sms]# cat > /etc/openchami/configs/coredhcp.yaml <<EOF
[sms]# server4:
[sms]# plugins:
[sms]#   - server_id: ${sms_ip}
[sms]#   - router: ${ipv4_gateway}
[sms]#   - dns: ${dns_servers}
[sms]#   - netmask: ${internal_netmask}
[sms]#   - coresmd: https://${sms_name}:8443 http://${sms_ip}:8081 /root_ca/root_ca.crt 30s 1h false
[sms]# EOF
```

### 3.5 Complete basic OpenCHAMI setup for *master* node

At this point, all of the packages necessary to use OpenCHAMI on the *master* host should be installed. Next, we create and enable the Container Registry and S3 Object store. These are optional if you have an existing S3 or Container Registry available for use at your local site.

#### Tip

The S3 and registry containers are configured as [Podman Quadlets](#), which interface with systemd allowing you to perform normal systemd operations on them like:

```
systemctl status registry
systemctl restart minio-server
journalctl -u registry
```

First create local directories for container storage

```
[sms]# mkdir -p /opt/ohpc/admin/data/oci
[sms]# mkdir -p /opt/ohpc/admin/data/s3
```

Now create the container registry quadlet definition

```
[sms]# cat > /etc/containers/systemd/registry.container <<EOF
[sms]# # registry.container
[sms]# [Unit]
[sms]# Description=Image OCI Registry
[sms]# After=network-online.target
[sms]# Requires=network-online.target
[sms]#
[sms]# [Container]
[sms]# ContainerName=registry
[sms]# HostName=registry
[sms]# Image=docker.io/library/registry:latest
[sms]# Volume=/opt/ohpc/admin/data/oci:/var/lib/registry:Z
[sms]# PublishPort=5000:5000
[sms]#
[sms]# [Service]
[sms]# TimeoutStartSec=0
[sms]# Restart=always
[sms]#
```

```
[sms]# [Install]
[sms]# WantedBy=multi-user.target
[sms]# EOF
```

Then create the local S3 object store quadlet definition

```
[sms]# cat > /etc/containers/systemd/minio.container <<EOF
[sms]# [Unit]
[sms]# Description=Minio S3
[sms]# After=local-fs.target network-online.target
[sms]# Wants=local-fs.target network-online.target
[sms]#
[sms]# [Container]
[sms]# ContainerName=minio-server
[sms]# Image=docker.io/minio/minio:latest
[sms]# # Volumes
[sms]# Volume=/opt/ohpc/admin/data/s3:/data:Z

[sms]# # Ports
[sms]# PublishPort=9000:9000
[sms]# PublishPort=9091:9001

[sms]# # Environment Variables
[sms]# Environment=MINIO_ROOT_USER=admin
[sms]# Environment=MINIO_ROOT_PASSWORD=password1234
[sms]#
[sms]# # Command to run in container
[sms]# Exec=server /data --console-address :9001
[sms]#
[sms]# [Service]
[sms]# Restart=always

[sms]# [Install]
[sms]# WantedBy=multi-user.target
[sms]# EOF
```

We need to reload the system daemon, and to allow the MinIO, and OCI Registry containers to start.

```
[sms]# systemctl daemon-reload
[sms]# systemctl start minio.service
[sms]# systemctl start registry.service
```

### 3.6 Certificate Creation

With OpenCHAMI a minimal open source certificate authority from smallstep is needed. The included automation initialized the CA on first startup. We can immediately download a certificate into the system trust bundle on the host for trusting all subsequent OpenCHAMI certificates. Notably, the certificate authority features ACME for automatic certificate rotation.

```
[sms]# openchami-certificate-update update ${sms_name}
```

### 3.7 Starting OpenCHAMI

Starting OpenCHAMI can take a while especially when the node images are being downloaded for the first time. The of all OpenCHAMI services can be checked with

```
[sms]# systemctl list-dependencies openchami.target
```

```
[sms]# systemctl start openchami.target
```

### 3.8 OpenCHAMI Client Install

OpenCHAMI is very configurable, and it has a client that allows you do most of the configuration via the command line, so installing that client makes management much easier.

```
[sms]# dnf install -y \
    https://github.com/OpenCHAMI/ochami/releases/download/v0.3.4/ochami_0.3.4_linux_amd64.rpm
[sms]# yes | ochami config cluster set --system --default \
    ${compute_prefix} cluster.uri https://${sms_name}:8443
```

```
[sms]# systemctl restart opaal-idp opaal
[sms]# sed -e "s,FQDN|md5sum,RANDOM|sha512sum,g" -i /usr/libexec/openchami/ohpc-nodes.sh
```

### 3.9 Node Discovery

OpenCHAMI can do dynamic discovery, but here we will do node discovery by YAML file. The YAML file can be imported by the discover command creating a way for adding nodes that do not have redfish capabilities, or when you just want to provide a list of nodes.

Create the nodes.yaml file the static discovery will use to populate SMD

```
[sms]# mkdir -p /opt/ohpc/admin/nodes
[sms]# export ${compute_prefix^^}_ACCESS_TOKEN=$(bash -lc 'gen_access_token')
[sms]# echo "nodes:" > /opt/ohpc/admin/nodes/nodes.yaml
[sms]# for((i=0; i < $num_computes; i++)); do
    /usr/libexec/openchami/ohpc-nodes.sh ${c_name[$i]} $i ${c_bmc[$i]} ${c_mac[$i]} ${c_ip[$i]}
done
```

Now use the generated file to populate the SMD database

```
[sms]# ochami discover static -f yaml -d @/opt/ohpc/admin/nodes/nodes.yaml
```

## 4 Install OpenHPC Components

With the BOS installed and booted, the next step is to add desired OpenHPC packages onto the *master* server in order to provide provisioning and resource management services for the rest of the cluster. The following subsections highlight this process.

### 4.1 Enable OpenHPC repository for local use

We need to enable the OpenHPC repository on the local list of available repositories. We then install the OPHC built applications such as the base and slurm server on the master node.

```
[sms]# dnf -y install http://repos.openhpc.community/OpenHPC/4/EL_10/x86_64/ohpc-release-4-1.el10.x86_64.rpm
```

```
[sms]# dnf -y install dnf-plugins-core
[sms]# dnf config-manager --set-enabled crb
```

In addition to the OpenHPC package repository, the *master* host also requires access to the standard base OS distro repositories in order to resolve necessary dependencies. For AlmaLinux 10, the requirements are to have access to the BaseOS, Appstream, Extras, CRB, and EPEL repositories for which mirrors are freely available online:

- AlmaLinux-10 (e.g. <https://repo.almalinux.org/almalinux/10/> )
- EPEL 10 (e.g. <http://download.fedoraproject.org/pub/epel/10/> )

The public EPEL repository will be enabled automatically upon installation of the `ohpc-release` package. Note that this does depend on the AlmaLinux Extras repository, which is shipped with AlmaLinux and is typically enabled by default. In contrast, the CRB repository is typically disabled in a standard install, but can be enabled from EPEL as follows:

```
[sms]# dnf install dnf-plugins-core
[sms]# dnf config-manager --set-enabled crb
```

```
[sms]# dnf -y install epel-release

# Enable crb on sms
[sms]# /usr/bin/crb enable
```

Now OpenHPC packages can be installed. To add the base package on the SMS issue the following

```
[sms]# dnf -y install ohpc-base
```

## 4.2 Installation template

The collection of command-line instructions that follow in this guide, when combined with local site inputs, can be used to implement a bare-metal system installation and configuration. The format of these commands is intended to be usable via direct cut and paste (with variable substitution for site-specific settings). Alternatively, the OpenHPC documentation package (`docs-ohpc`) includes a template script which includes a summary of all of the commands used herein. This script can be used in conjunction with a simple text file to define the local site variables defined in the previous section (§ 1.3) and is provided as a convenience for administrators. For additional information on accessing this script, please see Appendix A.

## 4.3 Setup time synchronization service on *master* node

HPC systems rely on synchronized clocks throughout the system and the NTP protocol can be used to facilitate this synchronization. To enable NTP services on the SMS host with a specific server `${ntp_server}`, and allow this server to serve as a local time server for the cluster, issue the following:

```
[sms]# systemctl enable chronyd.service
[sms]# echo "local stratum 10" >> /etc/chrony.conf
[sms]# echo "server ${ntp_server}" >> /etc/chrony.conf
[sms]# echo "allow all" >> /etc/chrony.conf
[sms]# systemctl restart chronyd
```

**Tip**

Note that the “allow all” option specified for the chrony time daemon allows all servers on the local network to be able to synchronize with the SMS host. Alternatively, you can restrict access to fixed IP ranges and an example config line allowing access to a local class B subnet is as follows:

```
allow 192.168.0.0/16
```

## 4.4 Add resource management services on *master* node

OpenHPC provides multiple options for distributed resource management. The following command adds the Slurm workload manager server components to the chosen *master* host. Note that client-side components will be added to the corresponding compute image in a subsequent step.

```
# Install slurm server meta-package
[sms]# dnf -y install ohpc-slurm-server

# Use ohpc-provided file for starting SLURM configuration
[sms]# cp /etc/slurm/slurm.conf.ohpc /etc/slurm/slurm.conf

# Setup default cgroups file
[sms]# cp /etc/slurm/cgroup.conf.example /etc/slurm/cgroup.conf

# Identify resource manager hostname on master host
[sms]# perl -pi -e "s/SlurmctlHost=\S+/SlurmctlHost=${sms_name}/" /etc/slurm/slurm.conf
```

There are a wide variety of configuration options and plugins available for Slurm and the example config file illustrated above targets a fairly basic installation. In particular, job completion data will be stored in a text file (`/var/log/slurm-jobcomp.log`) that can be used to log simple accounting information. Sites who desire more detailed information, or want to aggregate accounting data from multiple clusters, will likely want to enable the database accounting back-end. This requires a number of additional local modifications (on top of installing `slurm-slurmdbd-ohpc`), and users are advised to consult the online [documentation](#) for more detailed information on setting up a database configuration for Slurm.

**Tip**

SLURM requires enumeration of the physical hardware characteristics for compute nodes under its control. In particular, three configuration parameters combine to define consumable compute resources: *Sockets*, *CoresPerSocket*, and *ThreadsPerCore*. The default configuration file provided via OpenHPC assumes the nodes are named `c1-c4` and are dual-socket, 8 cores per socket, and two threads per core for this 4-node example. If this does not reflect your local hardware, please update the configuration file at `/etc/slurm/slurm.conf` accordingly to match your nodes names and particular hardware. Be sure to run `scontrol reconfigure` to notify SLURM of the changes. Note that the SLURM project provides an easy-to-use online configuration tool that can be accessed [here](#).

Other versions of this guide are available that describe installation of alternate resource management systems, and they can be found in the `docs-ohpc` package.

## 5 OpenCHAMI Image Building

OpenCHAMI uses an Infrastructure as Code tool called image-builder to translate YAML files to system images in layers to build out reusable file system layers like container images. This enables the rapid rebuild of images in smaller more usable and readable layers. OpenCHAMI used SquashFS images over S3 to serve to nodes, and Container images through OCI.

### 5.1 Working Directory

```
[sms]# mkdir -p /opt/ohpc/admin/images/data
[sms]# cd /opt/ohpc/admin/images
# Register Slurm server with computes (using "configless" option)
[sms]# echo SLURMD_OPTIONS="--conf-server ${sms_ip}" > /opt/ohpc/admin/images/data/slurmd
# Handle SSH to compute nodes
[sms]# echo -e "Host ${compute_prefix}*\n\tStrictHostKeyChecking=no" >> /etc/ssh/ssh_config.d/40-ohpc.conf
```

### 5.2 s3cmd Setup

In this recipe OpenCHAMI uses *S3* to store and serve images and we need to add configuration files that allow us to access and manage the *S3* storage layer for *EFI* and boot image storage.

First lets install a CLI tool we can use to interact with the Minio service

```
[sms]# dnf -y install s3cmd
```

Now we'll create a config file (maybe use a better passwd)

```
[sms]# cat > ~/.s3cfg <<EOF
[sms]# # Setup endpoint
[sms]# host_base = ${sms_name}:9000
[sms]# host_bucket = ${sms_name}:9000
[sms]# bucket_location = us-east-1
[sms]# use_https = False
[sms]#
[sms]# # Setup access keys
[sms]# access_key = admin
[sms]# secret_key = password1234
[sms]#
[sms]# # Enable S3 v4 signature APIs
[sms]# signature_v2 = False
[sms]# EOF
```

Now we can use the tool to create the buckets we'll need and set ACLs to public

```
[sms]# s3cmd mb s3://efi
[sms]# s3cmd setacl s3://efi --acl-public
[sms]# s3cmd mb s3://boot-images
[sms]# s3cmd setacl s3://boot-images --acl-public
```

The nodes need to be able to read from the S3 bucket without authentication so we need to create some read policies

```
[sms]# cat > /opt/ohpc/admin/images/public-read-boot.json <<EOF
[sms]# {
[sms]#   "Version":"2012-10-17",
[sms]#   "Statement":[
[sms]#     {
[sms]#       "Effect":"Allow",
[sms]#       "Principal": "*",
[sms]#       "Action":["s3:GetObject"],
[sms]#       "Resource":["arn:aws:s3:::boot-images/*"]
[sms]#     }
[sms]#   ]
[sms]# }
[sms]# EOF
[sms]# cat > /opt/ohpc/admin/images/public-read-efi.json <<EOF
[sms]# {
[sms]#   "Version":"2012-10-17",
[sms]#   "Statement":[
[sms]#     {
[sms]#       "Effect":"Allow",
[sms]#       "Principal": "*",
[sms]#       "Action":["s3:GetObject"],
[sms]#       "Resource":["arn:aws:s3:::efi/*"]
[sms]#     }
[sms]#   ]
[sms]# }
[sms]# EOF
```

Lastly we can now apply these policies. Objects stored in the buckets should be "publicly" available

```
[sms]# s3cmd setpolicy /opt/ohpc/admin/images/public-read-boot.json s3://boot-images --host=${sms_ip}:9000 --host-bucket=${sms_ip}:9000
[sms]# s3cmd setpolicy /opt/ohpc/admin/images/public-read-efi.json s3://efi --host=${sms_ip}:9000 --host-bucket=${sms_ip}:9000
```

### 5.3 Building the Base OS Image

The [Image Builder](#) is designed to use layered building of system images, as shown below to enable the use of different layers which can be modified and added to to build out different capabilities into image layers so a change of one layer does not require a change and rebuild of all other layers.

#### Tip

The image-build is an optional piece of the OpenCHAMI software stack. If you have an existing image build process that creates the necessary boot artifacts you can use that instead.

First let's define the lowest layer of the image which disable the installation of documentation files to reduce the size of the image:

```
[sms]# echo -e "%_excludedocs 1" >> /opt/ohpc/admin/images/data/rpmmacros
[sms]# cat > /opt/ohpc/admin/images/nodocs.yaml <<EOF
[sms]# options:
[sms]#   layer_type: 'base'
[sms]#   name: 'almalinux10-nodocs'
[sms]#   publish_tags: '10'
[sms]#   pkg_manager: 'dnf'
[sms]#   parent: 'scratch'
[sms]#   publish_registry: 'ohpc-lenovo-sms:5000/c'
[sms]#   registry_opts_push:
```

```
[sms]# - '--tls-verify=false'
[sms]# copyfiles:
[sms]# - src: '/data/rpmmacros'
[sms]#   dest: '/root/.rpmmacros'
[sms]# EOF
```

Build this first layer:

```
[sms]# podman run \
    --rm \
    --device /dev/fuse \
    --network host \
    -v /opt/ohpc/admin/images/data:/data \
    -v /opt/ohpc/admin/images/nodocs.yaml:/home/builder/config.yaml \
    ghcr.io/openchami/image-build:latest image-build \
    --config config.yaml \
    --log-level INFO
```

Now let's define a base layer we can use to build on. This base layer will install common packages and also create out initramfs. In this recipe it's created to build an initramfs that supports liveOS so the image will boot into memory.

```
[sms]# cat > /opt/ohpc/admin/images/base.yaml <<EOF
[sms]# options:
[sms]#   layer_type: 'base'
[sms]#   name: 'almalinux10-base'
[sms]#   publish_tags: '10'
[sms]#   pkg_manager: 'dnf'
[sms]#   parent: '${sms_name}:5000/${compute_prefix}/almalinux10-nodocs:10'
[sms]#   publish_registry: '${sms_name}:5000/${compute_prefix}'
[sms]#   registry_opts_pull:
[sms]#     - '--tls-verify=false'
[sms]#   registry_opts_push:
[sms]#     - '--tls-verify=false'
[sms]# repos:
[sms]#   - alias: 'almalinux10_BaseOS'
[sms]#     url: 'https://repo.almalinux.org/almalinux/10/BaseOS/x86_64/os/'
[sms]#     gpg: 'https://repo.almalinux.org/almalinux/RPM-GPG-KEY-AlmaLinux-10'
[sms]#   - alias: 'almalinux10_AppStream'
[sms]#     url: 'https://repo.almalinux.org/almalinux/10/AppStream/x86_64/os/'
[sms]#     gpg: 'https://repo.almalinux.org/almalinux/RPM-GPG-KEY-AlmaLinux-10'
[sms]# package_groups:
[sms]#   - 'Minimal Install'
[sms]#   - 'Development Tools'
[sms]# packages:
[sms]#   - kernel
[sms]#   - wget
[sms]#   - dracut-live
[sms]#   - cloud-init
[sms]#   - chrony
[sms]#   - rsyslog
[sms]#   - sudo
[sms]# cmds:
[sms]#   - cmd: >
[sms]#     DRACUT_NO_XATTR=1 dracut --add "dmsquash-live livenet network-manager"
[sms]#     --kver "$(basename /lib/modules/*)"
[sms]#     -N -f --logfile /tmp/dracut.log 2>/dev/null
[sms]#     loglevel: INFO
[sms]#   - cmd: 'echo DRACUT LOG;; cat /tmp/dracut.log'
[sms]#     loglevel: INFO
[sms]# EOF
```



Now lets build this base layer. This will take about 5 minutes but we should not have to rebuild it very often.

```
[sms]# podman run \
    --rm \
    --device /dev/fuse \
    --network host \
    -v /opt/ohpc/admin/images/base.yaml:/home/builder/config.yaml \
    ghcr.io/openchami/image-build:latest image-build \
    --config config.yaml \
    --log-level DEBUG
```

Now we can build on top of the base layer by setting it to be the parent of the compute-base layer

```
[sms]# cat > /opt/ohpc/admin/images/compute-base.yaml << EOF
[sms]# options:
[sms]#   layer_type: 'base'
[sms]#   name: 'compute-base'
[sms]#   publish_tags:
[sms]#     - '10'
[sms]#   pkg_manager: 'dnf'
[sms]#   parent: '${sms_name}:5000/${compute_prefix}/BOSSSHORT-base:10'
[sms]#   publish_registry: '${sms_name}:5000/${compute_prefix}'
[sms]#   registry_opts_pull:
[sms]#     - '--tls-verify=false'
[sms]#   registry_opts_push:
[sms]#     - '--tls-verify=false'
[sms]#   repos:
[sms]#     - alias: 'Epel10'
[sms]#       url: 'https://dl.fedoraproject.org/pub/epel/10z/Everything/x86_64/'
[sms]#       gpg: 'https://dl.fedoraproject.org/pub/epel/RPM-GPG-KEY-EPEL-10'
[sms]#   package_groups:
[sms]#     - 'InfiniBand Support'
[sms]#   packages:
[sms]#     - vim
[sms]#     - nfs-utils
[sms]#     - tcpdump
[sms]#     - traceroute
[sms]#     - git
[sms]#     - http://repos.openhpc.community/OpenHPC/4/EL_10/x86_64/ohpc-release-4-1.el10.x86_64.rpm
[sms]#   cmds:
[sms]#     - cmd: dnf config-manager --set-enabled crb
[sms]#     loglevel: INFO
[sms]# EOF
```

Then we can build it. Any modifications to the above configuration will only require a rebuild of this layer

```
[sms]# podman run \
    --rm \
    --device /dev/fuse \
    --network host \
    -v /opt/ohpc/admin/images/compute-base.yaml:/home/builder/config.yaml \
    ghcr.io/openchami/image-build:latest image-build \
    --config config.yaml \
    --log-level DEBUG
```

You can keep adding layers as you see fit, and branch off if so desired. We will use the next layer to add

additional packages later on so no need to build it just yet.

```
[sms]# cp /etc/hosts /opt/ohpc/admin/images/data
[sms]# cat > /opt/ohpc/admin/images/compute-prod.yaml << EOF
[sms]# options:
[sms]#   layer_type: 'base'
[sms]#   name: 'compute-prod'
[sms]#   publish_tags:
[sms]#     - '10'
[sms]#   pkg_manager: 'dnf'
[sms]#   parent: '${sms_name}:5000/${compute_prefix}/compute-base:10'
[sms]#   publish_registry: '${sms_name}:5000/${compute_prefix}'
[sms]#   registry_opts_pull:
[sms]#     - '--tls-verify=false'
[sms]#   registry_opts_push:
[sms]#     - '--tls-verify=false'
[sms]#   # Publish SquashFS image to local S3
[sms]#   publish_s3: 'http://${sms_name}:9000'
[sms]#   s3_prefix: 'compute/base/'
[sms]#   s3_bucket: 'boot-images'
[sms]#
[sms]#   # Publish OCI image to container registry
[sms]#   #
[sms]#   # This is the only way to be able to reuse this image as
[sms]#   # a parent for another image layer.
[sms]#   publish_registry: '${sms_name}:5000/${compute_prefix}'
[sms]#   registry_opts_push:
[sms]#     - '--tls-verify=false'
[sms]#   copyfiles:
[sms]#     - src: '/data/hosts'
[sms]#       dest: '/etc/hosts'
[sms]#     - src: '/data/slurmd'
[sms]#       dest: '/etc/sysconfig/slurmd'
[sms]#   packages:
[sms]#     - ohpc-base-compute
[sms]#     - ohpc-slurm-client
[sms]#     - pdsh-ohpc
[sms]#     - lmod-ohpc
[sms]#   cmds:
[sms]#     - cmd: systemctl disable firewalld
[sms]#       loglevel: INFO
[sms]#     - cmd: echo '${sms_ip}:/home /home nfs nfsvers=3,nodev,nosuid 0 0' >> /etc/fstab
[sms]#       loglevel: INFO
[sms]#     - cmd: echo '${sms_ip}:/opt/ohpc/pub /opt/ohpc/pub nfs nfsvers=3,nodev,nosuid 0 0' >> /etc/fstab
[sms]#       loglevel: INFO
[sms]#     - cmd: mkdir -p /opt/ohpc/pub
[sms]#       loglevel: INFO
[sms]#     - cmd: echo "account required pam_slurm.so" >> /etc/pam.d/sshd
[sms]#       loglevel: INFO
[sms]#     - cmd: systemctl enable munge slurmd
[sms]#       loglevel: INFO
[sms]#     - cmd: ln -sf ../usr/share/zoneinfo/UTC /etc/localtime
[sms]#       loglevel: INFO
[sms]# EOF
```

### 5.3.1 Customize system configuration

Here we set up NFS mounting of a \$HOME file system and the public OpenHPC install path (/opt/ohpc/pub) that will be hosted by the *SMS* host in this example configuration.

```
# Export /home and OpenHPC public packages from master server
[sms]# echo "/home *(rw,no_subtree_check,fsid=10,no_root_squash)" >> /etc/exports
[sms]# echo "/opt/ohpc/pub *(ro,no_subtree_check,fsid=11)" >> /etc/exports
[sms]# exportfs -a
[sms]# systemctl restart nfs-server
[sms]# systemctl enable nfs-server
```

**5.3.1.1 Increase locked memory limits** In order to utilize InfiniBand or Omni-Path as the underlying high speed interconnect, it is generally necessary to increase the locked memory settings for system users. This can be accomplished by adding the `/etc/security/limits.d/40-ohpc-limits.conf` file and this should be performed on all job submission hosts. In this recipe, jobs are submitted from the *SMS* host, and the following commands can be used to update the maximum locked memory settings on both the *SMS* host and compute nodes:

```
# Update memlock settings on SMS
[sms]# echo '* soft memlock unlimited' >> /etc/security/limits.d/40-ohpc-limits.conf
[sms]# echo '* hard memlock unlimited' >> /etc/security/limits.d/40-ohpc-limits.conf
# Update memlock settings on compute
[sms]# yq -i \
    '.cmds += [{"cmd":"echo \"* soft memlock unlimited\" >> /etc/security/limits.d/40-ohpc-limits.conf"}]' \
    /opt/ohpc/admin/images/compute-prod.yaml
[sms]# yq -i \
    '.cmds += [{"cmd":"echo \"* hard memlock unlimited\" >> /etc/security/limits.d/40-ohpc-limits.conf"}]' \
    /opt/ohpc/admin/images/compute-prod.yaml
```

**5.3.1.2 Add ClusterShell** ClusterShell is an event-based Python library to execute commands in parallel across cluster nodes. Installation and basic configuration defining three node groups (*adm*, *compute*, and *all*) is as follows:

```
# Install ClusterShell
[sms]# dnf -y install clustershell

# Setup node definitions
[sms]# cd /etc/clusterhell/groups.d
[sms]# mv local.cfg local.cfg.orig
[sms]# echo "adm: ${sms_name}" > local.cfg
[sms]# echo "compute: ${compute_prefix}[1-${num_computes}]" >> local.cfg
[sms]# echo "all: @adm,@compute" >> local.cfg
```

**5.3.1.3 Add genders** *genders* is a static cluster configuration database or node typing database used for cluster configuration management. Other tools and users can access the *genders* database in order to make decisions about where an action, or even what action, is appropriate based on associated types or "genders". Values may also be assigned to and retrieved from a *gender* to provide further granularity. The following example highlights installation and configuration of two genders: *compute* and *bmc*.

```
# Install genders
[sms]# dnf -y install genders-ohpc

# Generate a sample genders file
[sms]# echo -e "${sms_name}\tsms" > /etc/genders
[sms]# for ((i=0; i<$num_computes; i++)) ; do
    echo -e "${c_name[$i]}\tcompute,bmc=${c_bmc[$i]}"
```

```
done >> /etc/genders
```

**5.3.1.4 Add Magpie** Magpie contains a number of scripts to aid in running a variety of big data software frameworks within HPC queuing environments. Examples include Hadoop, Spark, Hbase, Storm, Pig, Mahout, Phoenix, Kafka, Zeppelin, and Zookeeper. Consult the online [repository](#) for more information on using these scripts; basic installation is outlined as follows:

```
# Install magpie
[sms]# dnf -y install magpie-ohpc
```

**5.3.1.5 Add ConMan** ConMan is a serial console management program designed to support a large number of console devices and simultaneous users. It supports logging console device output and connecting to compute node consoles via IPMI serial-over-lan. Installation and example configuration is outlined below.

```
# Install conman to provide a front-end to compute consoles and log output
[sms]# dnf -y install conman-ohpc

# Configure conman for computes (note your IPMI password is required for console access)
[sms]# for ((i=0; i<$num_compute; i++)) ; do
    echo -n 'CONSOLE name="'${c_name[$i]}'" dev="ipmi:'${c_bmc[$i]}'" '
    echo 'ipmiopts="'U:${bmc_username},P:${IPMI_PASSWORD:-undefined},W:solpayloadsize'"
done >> /etc/conman.conf

# Enable and start conman
[sms]# systemctl enable conman
[sms]# systemctl start conman
```

**5.3.1.6 Add NHC** Resource managers often provide for a periodic "node health check" to be performed on each compute node to verify that the node is working properly. Nodes which are determined to be "unhealthy" can be marked as down or offline so as to prevent jobs from being scheduled or run on them. This helps increase the reliability and throughput of a cluster by reducing preventable job failures due to misconfiguration, hardware failure, etc. OpenHPC distributes NHC to fulfill this requirement.

In a typical scenario, the NHC driver script is run periodically on each compute node by the resource manager client daemon. It loads its configuration file to determine which checks are to be run on the current node (based on its hostname). Each matching check is run, and if a failure is encountered, NHC will exit with an error message describing the problem. It can also be configured to mark nodes offline so that the scheduler will not assign jobs to bad nodes, reducing the risk of system-induced job failures.

```
# Install NHC on master and compute nodes
[sms]# dnf -y install nhc-ohpc
[sms]# yq -i '.packages += ["nhc-ohpc"]' /opt/ohpc/admin/images/compute-prod.yaml
```

```
# Register as SLURM's health check program
[sms]# echo "HealthCheckProgram=/usr/sbin/nhc" >> /etc/slurm/slurm.conf
[sms]# echo "HealthCheckInterval=300" >> /etc/slurm/slurm.conf # execute every five minutes
```

**5.3.1.7 Build Production Compute Image** Rebuild Final Compute node image with all optional packages

```
[sms]# podman run \
    --rm \
    --device /dev/fuse \
    --network host \
    -e S3_ACCESS=admin \
    -e S3_SECRET=password1234 \
    -v /opt/ohpc/admin/images/data:/data \
    -v /opt/ohpc/admin/images/compute-prod.yaml:/home/builder/config.yaml \
    ghcr.io/openchami/image-build:latest \
    image-build \
    --config config.yaml
```

## 5.4 Setting Boot Parameters

Boot Script Service (BSS) is what provides the path to vmlinuz and the initrd, and provides the kernel parameters to the node during iPXE.

Get some data from our images to create our BSS payload.

```
[sms]# export s3Output=$(s3cmd ls -Hr s3://boot-images/)
[sms]# export os=$(echo "$s3Output" | awk '{print $4}' | grep 'boot-images/compute')
[sms]# export ramfs=$(echo "$s3Output" | awk '{print $4}' | grep 'initram')
[sms]# export hdrs=$(echo "$s3Output" | awk '{print $4}' | grep 'vmlinuz')
[sms]# export params="nomodeset ro root=live:http://${sms_ip}:9000/${os:5} \
    ip=dhcp overlayroot=tmpfs overlayroot_cfgdisk=disabled \
    apparmor=0 selinux=0 console=ttyS0,115200 ip6=off \
    cloud-init=enabled ds=nocloud-net;s=http://${sms_ip}:8081/cloud-init"
```

Create a yaml payload for BSS

```
[sms]# cat >> /opt/ohpc/admin/nodes/compute-boot.yaml <<EOF
[sms]# kernel: 'http://${sms_ip}:9000/${hdrs:5}'
[sms]# initrd: 'http://${sms_ip}:9000/${ramfs:5}'
[sms]# params: '${params}'
[sms]# macs:
[sms]# EOF
[sms]# for((i=0; i < $num_computes; i++)); do
    echo " - ${c_mac[$i]}" >> /opt/ohpc/admin/nodes/compute-boot.yaml
done
```

And then finally upload our payload

```
[sms]# ochami bss boot params set -f yaml -d @/opt/ohpc/admin/nodes/compute-boot.yaml
```

## 5.5 Building CloudInit Image

OpenCHAMI uses cloudinit for post boot node configuration. We will establish some basic cloudinit configurations here. But later we will build a cloudinit template that injects the munge key into the system at boot.

Let's create a directory to hold our default cloud-init configuration and create an SSH key pair that we can use for SSH access later

```
[sms]# mkdir -p /opt/ohpc/admin/cloud-init
[sms]# cd /opt/ohpc/admin/cloud-init
[sms]# ssh-keygen -t ed25519 -q -f "$HOME/.ssh/id_openchami" -N ""
```

```
[sms]# export master_key=$(cat ~/.ssh/id_openchami.pub)
```

Now we can define the payload to update the defaults

```
[sms]# cat > /opt/ohpc/admin/cloud-init/defaults.yaml <<EOF
[sms]# ---
[sms]# base-url: "http://${sms_ip}:8081/cloud-init"
[sms]# cluster-name: "${compute_prefix}~"
[sms]# nid-length: 1
[sms]# public-keys:
[sms]# - "${master_key}"
[sms]# short-name: "${compute_prefix}"
[sms]# EOF
[sms]# for i in /root/.ssh/id*pub; do \
    file=${i} yq '.public-keys +=loadstr(strenv(file))' -i /opt/ohpc/admin/cloud-init/defaults.yaml; \
done
```

And then finally upload our payload

```
[sms]# ochami cloud-init defaults set -f yaml -d @/opt/ohpc/admin/cloud-init/defaults.yaml
```

## 6 Munge Key Injection

OpenCHAMI provides a cloud-init server that can be used, in conjunction with the cloud-init client, to provide post-boot configurations. The configuration below is a minimal configuration that should at least let the root user login using the public key and distribute the munge key file to all compute nodes.

```
[sms]# export munge_key=$(cat /etc/munge/munge.key | base64 -w 0)
[sms]# cat > /opt/ohpc/admin/cloud-init/compute.yaml <<EOF
[sms]# - name: compute
[sms]#   description: "compute template"
[sms]#   file:
[sms]#     encoding: plain
[sms]#     content: |
[sms]#       ## template: jinja
[sms]#       #cloud-config
[sms]#       merge_how:
[sms]#         - name: list
[sms]#           settings: [append]
[sms]#         - name: dict
[sms]#           settings: [no_replace, recurse_list]
[sms]#       users:
[sms]#         - name: root
[sms]#           ssh_authorized_keys: {{ ds.meta_data.instance_data.v1.public_keys }}
[sms]#       write_files:
[sms]#         - content: ${munge_key}
[sms]#           path: /etc/munge/munge.key
[sms]#           permissions: '0400'
[sms]#           owner: munge:munge
[sms]#           encoding: base64
[sms]# EOF
```

Once you are done updating cloud-init you can post the file to the cloud-init server

```
[sms]# ochami cloud-init group set -f yaml -d @/opt/ohpc/admin/cloud-init/compute.yaml
```

## 6.1 Boot compute nodes

At this point, the *master* server should be able to boot the newly defined compute nodes. Assuming that the compute node BIOS settings are configured to boot over PXE, all that is required to initiate the provisioning process is to power cycle each of the desired hosts using IPMI access. The following commands use the `ipmitool` utility to initiate power resets on each of the four compute hosts. Note that the utility requires that the `IPMI_PASSWORD` environment variable be set with the local BMC password in order to work interactively.

```
[sms]# for ((i=0; i<${num_computes}; i++)) ; do
    ipmitool -E -I lanplus -H ${c_bmc[$i]} -U ${bmc_username} -P ${bmc_password} chassis power reset
done
```

Once kicked off, the boot process should take less than 5 minutes (depending on BIOS post times) and you can verify that the compute hosts are available via ssh, or via parallel ssh tools to multiple hosts. For example, to run a command on the newly imaged compute hosts using `pdsh`, execute the following:

```
[sms]# pdsh -w ${compute_prefix}[1-${num_computes}] uptime
c1 05:03am up 0:02, 0 users, load average: 0.20, 0.13, 0.05
c2 05:03am up 0:02, 0 users, load average: 0.20, 0.14, 0.06
c3 05:03am up 0:02, 0 users, load average: 0.19, 0.15, 0.06
c4 05:03am up 0:02, 0 users, load average: 0.15, 0.12, 0.05
```

## 7 Install OpenHPC Development Components

The install procedure outlined in §4 highlighted the steps necessary to install a *master* host, assemble and customize a *compute* image, and provision several compute hosts from bare-metal. With these steps completed, additional OpenHPC-provided packages can now be added to support a flexible HPC development environment including development tools, C/C++/FORTRAN compilers, MPI stacks, and a variety of 3rd party libraries. The following subsections highlight the additional software installation procedures.

### 7.1 Development Tools

To aid in general development efforts, OpenHPC provides recent versions of the GNU autotools collection, the Valgrind memory debugger, EasyBuild, and Spack. These can be installed as follows:

```
# Install autotools meta-package
[sms]# dnf -y install ohpc-autotools

[sms]# dnf -y install EasyBuild-ohpc
[sms]# dnf -y install hwloc-ohpc
[sms]# dnf -y install spack-ohpc
[sms]# dnf -y install valgrind-ohpc
```

### 7.2 Compilers

OpenHPC presently packages the GNU compiler toolchain integrated with the underlying Lmod modules system in a hierarchical fashion. The modules system will conditionally present compiler-dependent software based on the toolchain currently loaded.

```
[sms]# dnf -y install gnu15-compilers-ohpc
```

### 7.3 MPI Stacks

For MPI development and runtime support, OpenHPC provides pre-packaged builds for a variety of MPI families and transport layers. Currently available options and their applicability to various network transports are summarized in Table 1. The command that follows installs a starting set of MPI families that are compatible with both ethernet and high-speed fabrics.

Table 1: Available MPI variants

	Ethernet (TCP)	InfiniBand	Intel® Omni-Path
MPICH (ofi)	✓	✓	✓
MPICH (ucx)	✓	✓	✓
MVAPICH2		✓	
MVAPICH2 (psm2)			✓
OpenMPI (ofi/ucx)	✓	✓	✓

```
[sms]# dnf -y install openmpi5-pmix-gnu15-ohpc mpich-ofi-gnu15-ohpc
```

Note that OpenHPC 2.x introduces the use of two related transport layers for the MPICH and OpenMPI builds that support a variety of underlying fabrics: [UCX](#) (Unified Communication X) and [OFI](#) (OpenFabrics interfaces). In the case of OpenMPI, a monolithic build is provided which supports both transports and end-users can customize their runtime preferences with environment variables. For MPICH, two separate builds are provided and the example above highlighted installing the ofi variant. However, the packaging is designed such that both versions can be installed simultaneously and users can switch between the two via normal module command semantics. Alternatively, a site can choose to install the ucx variant instead as a drop-in MPICH replacement:

```
[sms]# dnf -y install mpich-ucx-gnu15-ohpc
```

In the case where both MPICH variants are installed, two modules will be visible in the end-user environment and an example of this configuration is highlighted is below.

```
[sms]# module avail mpich
----- /opt/ohpc/pub/moduledeps/gnu15-----
mpich/3.4.3-ofi  mpich/3.4.3-ucx (D)
```

If your system includes InfiniBand and you enabled underlying support in §?? and §??, an additional MVAPICH2 family is available for use:

```
[sms]# dnf -y install mvapich2-gnu15-ohpc
```

Alternatively, if your system includes Intel® Omni-Path, use the (psm2) variant of MVAPICH2 instead:

```
[sms]# dnf -y install mvapich2-psm2-gnu15-ohpc
```

### 7.4 Performance Tools

OpenHPC provides a variety of open-source tools to aid in application performance analysis (refer to Appendix D for a listing of available packages). This group of tools can be installed as follows:



```
# Install perf-tools meta-package
[sms]# dnf -y install ohpc-gnu15-perf-tools
```

## 7.5 Setup default development environment

System users often find it convenient to have a default development environment in place so that compilation can be performed directly for parallel programs requiring MPI. This setup can be conveniently enabled via modules and the OpenHPC modules environment is pre-configured to load an `ohpc` module on login (if present). The following package install provides a default environment that enables autotools, the GNU compiler toolchain, and the OpenMPI stack.

```
[sms]# dnf -y install lmod-defaults-gnu15-openmpi5-ohpc
```

### Tip

If you want to change the default environment from the suggestion above, OpenHPC also provides the GNU compiler toolchain with the MPICH and MVAPICH2 stacks:

- `lmod-defaults-gnu15-mpich-ofi-ohpc`
- `lmod-defaults-gnu15-mpich-ucx-ohpc`
- `lmod-defaults-gnu15-mvapich2-ohpc`

## 7.6 3rd Party Libraries and Tools

OpenHPC provides pre-packaged builds for a number of popular open-source tools and libraries used by HPC applications and developers. For example, OpenHPC provides builds for FFTW and HDF5 (including serial and parallel I/O support), and the GNU Scientific Library (GSL). Again, multiple builds of each package are available in the OpenHPC repository to support multiple compiler and MPI family combinations where appropriate. Note, however, that not all combinatorial permutations may be available for components where there are known license incompatibilities. The general naming convention for builds provided by OpenHPC is to append the compiler and MPI family name that the library was built against directly into the package name. For example, libraries that do not require MPI as part of the build process adopt the following RPM name:

```
package-<compiler_family>-ohpc-<package_version>-<release>.rpm
```

Packages that do require MPI as part of the build expand upon this convention to additionally include the MPI family name as follows:

```
package-<compiler_family>-<mpi_family>-ohpc-<package_version>-<release>.rpm
```

To illustrate this further, the command below queries the locally configured repositories to identify all of the available PETSc packages that were built with the GNU toolchain. The resulting output that is included shows that pre-built versions are available for each of the supported MPI families presented in §7.3.

### Tip

OpenHPC-provided 3rd party builds are configured to be installed into a common top-level repository so that they can be easily exported to desired hosts within the cluster. This common top-level path (`/opt/ohpc/pub`) was previously configured to be mounted on *compute* nodes in §5.3.1, so the packages will be immediately available for use on the cluster after installation on the *master* host.

For convenience, OpenHPC provides package aliases for these 3rd party libraries and utilities that can be used to install available libraries for use with the GNU compiler family toolchain. For parallel libraries, aliases are grouped by MPI family toolchain so that administrators can choose a subset should they favor a particular MPI stack. Please refer to Appendix D for a more detailed listing of all available packages in each of these functional areas. To install all available package offerings within OpenHPC, issue the following:

```
# Install 3rd party libraries/tools meta-packages built with GNU toolchain
[sms]# dnf -y install ohpc-gnu15-serial-libs
[sms]# dnf -y install ohpc-gnu15-io-libs
[sms]# dnf -y install ohpc-gnu15-python-libs
[sms]# dnf -y install ohpc-gnu15-runtimes
```

```
# Install parallel lib meta-packages for all available MPI toolchains
[sms]# dnf -y install ohpc-gnu15-mpich-parallel-libs
[sms]# dnf -y install ohpc-gnu15-openmpi5-parallel-libs
```

## 7.7 Optional Development Tool Builds

In addition to the 3rd party development libraries built using the open source toolchains mentioned in §7.6, OpenHPC also provides *optional* compatible builds for use with the compilers and MPI stack included in newer versions of the Intel® oneAPI HPC Toolkit (using the *classic* compiler variants). These packages provide a similar hierarchical user environment experience as other compiler and MPI families present in OpenHPC.

To take advantage of the available builds, OpenHPC provides a convenience package to enable the oneAPI repository locally along with compatibility packages that integrate oneAPI-generated compiler and MPI modulefiles within the standard OpenHPC user environment. To enable the Intel® oneAPI repository and install minimum compiler and MPI requirements for OpenHPC packaging, issue the following:

```
# Enable Intel oneAPI and install OpenHPC compatibility packages
[sms]# dnf -y install intel-oneapi-toolkit-release-ohpc
[sms]# rpm --import https://yum.repos.intel.com/intel-gpg-keys/GPG-PUB-KEY-INTEL-SW-PRODUCTS.PUB
[sms]# dnf -y install intel-compilers-devel-ohpc
[sms]# dnf -y install intel-mpi-devel-ohpc
```

### Tip

As noted in §5.3.1, the default installation path for OpenHPC (`/opt/ohpc/pub`) is exported over NFS from the *master* to the compute nodes, but the Intel® oneAPI HPC Toolkit packages install to a top-level path of `/opt/intel`. To make the Intel® compilers available to the compute nodes one must add an additional NFS export for `/opt/intel` that is mounted on desired compute nodes.

To enable all 3rd party builds available in OpenHPC that are compatible with the Intel® oneAPI classic compiler suite, issue the following:

```
# Optionally, choose the Omni-Path enabled build for MVAPICH2. Otherwise, skip to retain IB variant
[sms]# dnf -y install mvapich2-psm2-intel-ohpc
```

```
# Install 3rd party libraries/tools meta-packages built with Intel toolchain
[sms]# dnf -y install openmpi5-pmix-intel-ohpc
[sms]# dnf -y install ohpc-intel-serial-libs
[sms]# dnf -y install ohpc-intel-geomp
[sms]# dnf -y install ohpc-intel-io-libs
[sms]# dnf -y install ohpc-intel-perf-tools
[sms]# dnf -y install ohpc-intel-python3-libs
[sms]# dnf -y install ohpc-intel-mpich-parallel-libs
[sms]# dnf -y install ohpc-intel-mvapich2-parallel-libs
[sms]# dnf -y install ohpc-intel-openmpi5-parallel-libs
[sms]# dnf -y install ohpc-intel-impi-parallel-libs
```

## 8 Resource Manager Startup

In section §4, the Slurm resource manager was installed and configured for use on both the *master* host and *compute* node instances. With the cluster nodes up and functional, we can now startup the resource manager services in preparation for running user jobs. Generally, this is a two-step process that requires starting up the controller daemons on the *master* host and the client daemons on each of the *compute* hosts. Note that Slurm leverages the use of the *munge* library to provide authentication services and this daemon also needs to be running on all hosts within the resource management pool. The following commands can be used to startup the necessary services to support resource management under Slurm.

```
# Start munge and slurm controller on master host
[sms]# systemctl enable munge
[sms]# systemctl enable slurmd
[sms]# systemctl start munge
[sms]# systemctl start slurmd

# Start slurm clients on compute hosts
[sms]# pdsh -w ${compute_prefix}[1-${num_computes}] systemctl start munge
[sms]# pdsh -w ${compute_prefix}[1-${num_computes}] systemctl start slurmd
```

# Appendices

## A Installation Template

This appendix highlights the availability of a companion installation script that is included with OpenHPC documentation. This script, when combined with local site inputs, can be used to implement a starting recipe for bare-metal system installation and configuration. This template script is used during validation efforts to test cluster installations and is provided as a convenience for administrators as a starting point for potential site customization.

### Tip

Note that the template script provided is intended for use during initial installation and is not designed for repeated execution. If modifications are required after using the script initially, we recommend running the relevant subset of commands interactively.

The template script relies on the use of a simple text file to define local site variables that were outlined in §1.3. By default, the template installation script attempts to use local variable settings sourced from the `/opt/ohpc/pub/doc/recipes/vanilla/input.local` file, however, this choice can be overridden by the use of the `${OHPC_INPUT_LOCAL}` environment variable. The template install script is intended for execution on the SMS *master* host and is installed as part of the `docs-ohpc` package into `/opt/ohpc/pub/doc/recipes/vanilla/recipe.sh`. After enabling the OpenHPC repository and reviewing the guide for additional information on the intent of the commands, the general starting approach for using this template is as follows:

1. Install the `docs-ohpc` package

```
[sms]# dnf -y install docs-ohpc
```

2. Copy the provided template input file to use as a starting point to define local site settings:

```
[sms]# cp /opt/ohpc/pub/doc/recipes/almalinux10/input.local input.local
```

3. Update `input.local` with desired settings
4. Copy the template installation script which contains command-line instructions culled from this guide.

```
[sms]# cp -p /opt/ohpc/pub/doc/recipes/almalinux10/x86_64/openchami/slurm/recipe.sh .
```

5. Review and edit `recipe.sh` to suite.
6. Use environment variable to define local input file and execute `recipe.sh` to perform a local installation.

```
[sms]# export OHPC_INPUT_LOCAL=./input.local
[sms]# ./recipe.sh
```

## B Integration Test Suite

This appendix details the installation and basic use of the integration test suite used to support OpenHPC releases. This suite is not intended to replace the validation performed by component development teams, but is instead, devised to confirm component builds are functional and interoperable within the modular OpenHPC environment. The test suite is generally organized by components and the OpenHPC CI workflow relies on running the full suite using [Jenkins](#) to test multiple OS configurations and installation recipes. To facilitate customization and running of the test suite locally, we provide these tests in a standalone RPM.

```
[sms]# dnf -y install test-suite-ohpc
```

The RPM installation creates a user named `ohpc-test` to house the test suite and provide an isolated environment for execution. Configuration of the test suite is done using standard GNU autotools semantics and the [BATS](#) shell-testing framework is used to execute and log a number of individual unit tests. Some tests require privileged execution, so a different combination of tests will be enabled depending on which user executes the top-level `configure` script. Non-privileged tests requiring execution on one or more compute nodes are submitted as jobs through the SLURM resource manager. The tests are further divided into “short” and “long” run categories. The short run configuration is a subset of approximately 180 tests to demonstrate basic functionality of key components (e.g. MPI stacks) and should complete in 10-20 minutes. The long run (around 1000 tests) is comprehensive and can take an hour or more to complete.

Most components can be tested individually, but a default configuration is setup to enable collective testing. To test an isolated component, use the `configure` option to disable all tests, then re-enable the desired test to run. The `--help` option to `configure` will display all possible tests. By default, the test suite will endeavor to run tests for multiple MPI stacks where applicable. To restrict tests to only a subset of MPI families, use the `--with-mpi-families` option (e.g. `--with-mpi-families="openmpi4"`). Example output is shown below (some output is omitted for the sake of brevity).

```
[sms]# su - ohpc-test
[test@sms ~]$ cd tests
[test@sms ~]$ ./configure --disable-all --enable-fftw
checking for a BSD-compatible install... /bin/install -c
checking whether build environment is sane... yes
...
----- SUMMARY -----
Package version..... : test-suite-2.0.0

Build user..... : ohpc-test
Build host..... : sms001
Configure date..... : 2020-10-05 08:22
Build architecture..... : x86_64
Compiler Families..... : gnu9
MPI Families..... : mpich mvapich2 openmpi4
Python Families..... : python3
Resource manager ..... : SLURM
Test suite configuration..... : short
...
Libraries:
  Adios ..... : disabled
  Boost ..... : disabled
  Boost MPI..... : disabled
  FFTW..... : enabled
  GSL..... : disabled
  HDF5..... : disabled
  HYPRE..... : disabled
...
```

Many OpenHPC components exist in multiple flavors to support multiple compiler and MPI runtime permutations, and the test suite takes this in to account by iterating through these combinations by default. If `make check` is executed from the top-level test directory, all configured compiler and MPI permutations of a library will be exercised. The following highlights the execution of the FFTW related tests that were enabled in the previous step.

```
[test@sms ~]$ make check
make --no-print-directory check-TESTS
PASS: libs/fftw/ohpc-tests/test_mpi_families
=====
Testsuite summary for test-suite 2.0.0
=====
# TOTAL: 1
# PASS: 1
# SKIP: 0
# XFAIL: 0
# FAIL: 0
# XPASS: 0
# ERROR: 0
=====
[test@sms ~]$ cat libs/fftw/tests/family-gnu*/rm_execution.log
1..3
ok 1 [libs/FFTW] Serial C binary runs under resource manager (SLURM/gnu9/mpich)
ok 2 [libs/FFTW] MPI C binary runs under resource manager (SLURM/gnu9/mpich)
ok 3 [libs/FFTW] Serial Fortran binary runs under resource manager (SLURM/gnu9/mpich)
PASS rm_execution (exit status: 0)
1..3
ok 1 [libs/FFTW] Serial C binary runs under resource manager (SLURM/gnu9/mvapich2)
ok 2 [libs/FFTW] MPI C binary runs under resource manager (SLURM/gnu9/mvapich2)
ok 3 [libs/FFTW] Serial Fortran binary runs under resource manager (SLURM/gnu9/mvapich2)
PASS rm_execution (exit status: 0)
1..3
ok 1 [libs/FFTW] Serial C binary runs under resource manager (SLURM/gnu9/openmpi4)
ok 2 [libs/FFTW] MPI C binary runs under resource manager (SLURM/gnu9/openmpi4)
ok 3 [libs/FFTW] Serial Fortran binary runs under resource manager (SLURM/gnu9/openmpi4)
PASS rm_execution (exit status: 0)
```

## C Customization

### C.1 Adding local Lmod modules to OpenHPC hierarchy

Locally installed applications can easily be integrated in to OpenHPC systems by following the Lmod convention laid out by the provided packages. Two sample module files are included in the `examples-ohpc` package—one representing an application with no compiler or MPI runtime dependencies, and one dependent on OpenMPI and the GNU toolchain. Simply copy these files to the prescribed locations, and the `lmod` application should pick them up automatically.

```
[sms]# mkdir /opt/ohpc/pub/modulefiles/example1
[sms]# cp /opt/ohpc/pub/examples/example.modulefile \
/opt/ohpc/pub/modulefiles/example1/1.0
[sms]# mkdir /opt/ohpc/pub/moduledeps/gnu7-openmpi3/example2
[sms]# cp /opt/ohpc/pub/examples/example-mpi-dependent.modulefile \
/opt/ohpc/pub/moduledeps/gnu7-openmpi3/example2/1.0
[sms]# module avail
```

```
----- /opt/ohpc/pub/moduledeps/gnu7-openmpi3 -----
adios/1.12.0  imb/2018.0      netcdf-fortran/4.4.4  ptscotch/6.0.4    sionlib/1.7.1
boost/1.65.1  mpi4py/2.0.0    netcdf/4.4.1.1       scalapack/2.0.2   slepc/3.7.4
example2/1.0  mpiP/3.4.1      petsc/3.7.6          scalasca/2.3.1    superlu_dist/4.2
fftw/3.3.6    mumps/5.1.1     phdf5/1.10.1         scipy/0.19.1      tau/2.26.1
hypre/2.11.2  netcdf-cxx/4.3.0  pnetcdf/1.8.1        scorep/3.1         trilinos/12.10.1

----- /opt/ohpc/pub/moduledeps/gnu7 -----
R/3.4.2      metis/5.1.0     ocr/1.0.1            pdttoolkit/3.24   superlu/5.2.1
gsl/2.4      mpich/3.2       openblas/0.2.20      plasma/2.8.0
hdf5/1.10.1  numpy/1.13.1    openmpi3/3.0.0 (L)   scotch/6.0.4

----- /opt/ohpc/admin/modulefiles -----
spack/0.10.0

----- /opt/ohpc/pub/modulefiles -----
EasyBuild/3.4.1  cmake/3.9.2    hwloc/1.11.8         pmix/1.2.3         valgrind/3.13.0
autotools        (L)  example1/1.0 (L)  llvm5/5.0.0         prun/1.2           (L)
clustershell/1.8  gnu7/7.2.0 (L)  ohpc                 (L)  singularity/2.4

Where:
L: Module is loaded

Use "module spider" to find all possible modules.
Use "module keyword key1 key2 ..." to search for all possible modules matching any of the "keys".
```

## C.2 Rebuilding Packages from Source

Users of OpenHPC may find it desirable to rebuild one of the supplied packages to apply build customizations or satisfy local requirements. One way to accomplish this is to install the appropriate source RPM, modify the spec file as needed, and rebuild to obtain an updated binary RPM. OpenHPC spec files contain macros to facilitate local customizations of compiler, compilation flags and MPI family. A brief example using the FFTW library is highlighted below. Note that the source RPMs can be downloaded from the community repository server at <http://repos.openhpc.community> via a web browser or directly via `dnf` as highlighted below. In this example we make an explicit change to FFTW's configuration, as well as modifying the `CFLAGS` environment variable. The package is also tagged with an additional delimiter to allow easy co-installation and use.

```
# Install rpm-build package and dnf tools from base OS distro
[test@sms ~]$ sudo dnf -y install rpm-build dnf-plugins-core

# Install FFTW's build dependencies
[test@sms ~]$ sudo dnf builddep fftw-gnu9-openmpi4-ohpc

# Download SRPM from OpenHPC repository and install locally
[test@sms ~]$ dnf download --source fftw-gnu9-openmpi4-ohpc
[test@sms ~]$ rpm -i ./fftw-gnu9-openmpi4-ohpc-3.3.8-5.1.ohpc.2.0.src.rpm

# Modify spec file as desired
[test@sms ~]$ cd ~/rpmbuild/SPECS
[test@sms ~rpmbuild/SPECS]$ perl -pi -e "s/enable-static=no/enable-static=yes/" fftw.spec

# Increment RPM release so the package manager will see an update
[test@sms ~rpmbuild/SPECS]$ perl -pi -e "s/Release: 5.1/Release: 6.1/" fftw.spec

# Rebuild binary RPM. Note that additional directives can be specified to modify build
[test@sms ~rpmbuild/SPECS]$ rpmbuild -bb --define "OHPC_CFLAGS '-O3 -mtune=native'" \
    --define "OHPC_CUSTOM_DELIM static" fftw.spec

# Install the new package
[test@sms ~rpmbuild/SPECS]$ sudo dnf -y install \
    ../RPMS/x86_64/fftw-gnu9-openmpi4-static-ohpc.2.0-3.3.8-6.1.x86_64.rpm

# The new module file appears along side the default
[test@sms ~]$ module avail fftw

-----/opt/ohpc/pub/moduledeps/gnu9-openmpi4 -----
fftw/3.3.8-static  fftw/3.3.8 (D)
```



## D Package Manifest

This appendix provides a summary of available meta-package groupings and all of the individual RPM packages that are available as part of this OpenHPC release. The meta-packages provide a mechanism to group related collections of RPMs by functionality and provide a convenience mechanism for installation. A list of the available meta-packages and a brief description is presented in [Table 2](#).

Table 2: Available OpenHPC Meta-packages

Group Name	Description
ohpc-autotools	Collection of GNU autotools packages.
ohpc-base	Collection of base packages.
ohpc-base-compute	Collection of compute node base packages.
ohpc-gnu15-io-libs	Collection of IO library builds for use with GNU compiler toolchain.
ohpc-gnu15-mpich-io-libs	Collection of IO library builds for use with GNU compiler toolchain and the MPICH runtime.
ohpc-gnu15-mpich-parallel-libs	Collection of parallel library builds for use with GNU compiler toolchain and the MPICH runtime.
ohpc-gnu15-mpich-perf-tools	Collection of performance tool builds for use with GNU compiler toolchain and the MPICH runtime.
ohpc-gnu15-mvapich2-io-libs	Collection of IO library builds for use with GNU compiler toolchain and the MVAPICH2 runtime.
ohpc-gnu15-mvapich2-parallel-libs	Collection of parallel library builds for use with GNU compiler toolchain and the MVAPICH2 runtime.
ohpc-gnu15-mvapich2-perf-tools	Collection of performance tool builds for use with GNU compiler toolchain and the MVAPICH2 runtime.
ohpc-gnu15-openmpi5-io-libs	Collection of IO library builds for use with GNU compiler toolchain and the OpenMPI runtime.
ohpc-gnu15-openmpi5-parallel-libs	Collection of parallel library builds for use with GNU compiler toolchain and the OpenMPI runtime.
ohpc-gnu15-openmpi5-perf-tools	Collection of performance tool builds for use with GNU compiler toolchain and the OpenMPI runtime.
ohpc-gnu15-parallel-libs	Collection of parallel library builds for use with GNU compiler toolchain.
ohpc-gnu15-perf-tools	Collection of performance tool builds for use with GNU compiler toolchain.
ohpc-gnu15-python-libs	Collection of python related library builds for use with GNU compiler toolchain.
ohpc-gnu15-python3-libs	Collection of python3 related library builds for use with GNU compiler toolchain.
ohpc-gnu15-runtimes	Collection of runtimes for use with GNU compiler toolchain.
ohpc-gnu15-serial-libs	Collection of serial library builds for use with GNU compiler toolchain.
ohpc-intel-impi-io-libs	Collection of IO library builds for use with Intel(R) oneAPI Toolkit and Intel(R) MPI runtime.
ohpc-intel-impi-parallel-libs	Collection of parallel library builds for use with Intel(R) oneAPI Toolkit and the Intel(R) MPI Library.
ohpc-intel-impi-perf-tools	Collection of performance tool builds for use with Intel(R) oneAPI Toolkit compiler toolchain and the Intel(R) MPI runtime.
ohpc-intel-io-libs	Collection of IO library builds for use with Intel(R) oneAPI Toolkit.
ohpc-intel-mpich-io-libs	Collection of IO library builds for use with Intel(R) oneAPI Toolkit and MPICH runtime.
ohpc-intel-mpich-parallel-libs	Collection of parallel library builds for use with Intel(R) oneAPI Toolkit and the MPICH runtime.
ohpc-intel-mpich-perf-tools	Collection of performance tool builds for use with Intel(R) oneAPI Toolkit compiler toolchain and the MPICH runtime.
ohpc-intel-mvapich2-io-libs	Collection of IO library builds for use with Intel(R) oneAPI Toolkit and MVAPICH2 runtime.

Table 2 (cont): Available OpenHPC Meta-packages

Group Name	Description
ohpc-intel-mvapich2-parallel-libs	Collection of parallel library builds for use with Intel(R) oneAPI Toolkit and the MVAPICH2 runtime.
ohpc-intel-mvapich2-perf-tools	Collection of performance tool builds for use with Intel(R) oneAPI Toolkit compiler toolchain and the MVAPICH2 runtime.
ohpc-intel-openmpi5-io-libs	Collection of IO library builds for use with Intel(R) oneAPI Toolkit and OpenMPI runtime.
ohpc-intel-openmpi5-parallel-libs	Collection of parallel library builds for use with Intel(R) oneAPI Toolkit and the OpenMPI runtime.
ohpc-intel-openmpi5-perf-tools	Collection of performance tool builds for use with Intel(R) oneAPI Toolkit compiler toolchain and the OpenMPI runtime.
ohpc-intel-perf-tools	Collection of performance tool builds for use with Intel(R) oneAPI Toolkit.
ohpc-intel-python3-libs	Collection of python3 related library builds for use with Intel(R) oneAPI Toolkit.
ohpc-intel-serial-libs	Collection of serial library builds for use with Intel(R) oneAPI Toolkit.
ohpc-slurm-client	Collection of client packages for SLURM.
ohpc-slurm-server	Collection of server packages for SLURM.
ohpc-warewulf	Collection of base packages for Warewulf provisioning.

What follows next in this Appendix is a series of tables that summarize the underlying RPM packages available in this OpenHPC release. These packages are organized by groupings based on their general functionality and each table provides information for the specific RPM name, version, brief summary, and the web URL where additional information can be obtained for the component. Note that many of the 3rd party community libraries that are pre-packaged with OpenHPC are built using multiple compiler and MPI families. In these cases, the RPM package name includes delimiters identifying the development environment for which each package build is targeted. Additional information on the OpenHPC package naming scheme is presented in §7.6. The relevant package groupings and associated Table references are as follows:

- Administrative tools (Table 3)
- Resource management (Table 4)
- Compiler families (Table 5)
- MPI families (Table 6)
- Development tools (Table 7)
- Performance analysis tools (Table 8)
- Lustre (Table 9)
- IO Libraries (Table 10)
- Runtimes (Table 11)
- Serial/Threaded Libraries (Table 12)
- Parallel Libraries (Table 13)

Table 3: **Administrative Tools**

RPM Package Name	Version	Info/URL
conman-ohpc	0.3.1	ConMan: The Console Manager. <a href="http://dun.github.io/conman">http://dun.github.io/conman</a>
docs-ohpc	4.0.0	OpenHPC documentation. <a href="https://github.com/openhpc/ohpc">https://github.com/openhpc/ohpc</a>
examples-ohpc	2.0	Example source code and templates for use within OpenHPC environment. <a href="https://github.com/openhpc/ohpc">https://github.com/openhpc/ohpc</a>
genders-ohpc	1.32	Static cluster configuration database. <a href="https://github.com/chaos/genders">https://github.com/chaos/genders</a>
hpc-workspace-ohpc	1.5.0	Temporary workspace management. <a href="https://github.com/holgerBerger/hpc-workspace">https://github.com/holgerBerger/hpc-workspace</a>
lmod-defaults-gnu15-impi-ohpc lmod-defaults-gnu15-mpich-ohpc lmod-defaults-gnu15-mvapich2-ohpc lmod-defaults-gnu15-openmpi5-ohpc lmod-defaults-intel-impi-ohpc lmod-defaults-intel-mpich-ohpc lmod-defaults-intel-mvapich2-ohpc lmod-defaults-intel-openmpi5-ohpc	2.0	OpenHPC default login environments. <a href="https://github.com/openhpc/ohpc">https://github.com/openhpc/ohpc</a>
lmod-ohpc	8.7.64	Lua based Modules (lmod). <a href="https://github.com/TACC/Lmod">https://github.com/TACC/Lmod</a>
losf-ohpc	0.56.0	A Linux operating system framework for managing HPC clusters. <a href="https://github.com/hpcsi/losf">https://github.com/hpcsi/losf</a>
nhc-ohpc	1.4.3	LBNL Node Health Check. <a href="https://github.com/mej/nhc">https://github.com/mej/nhc</a>
ohpc-release	4	OpenHPC release files. <a href="https://github.com/openhpc/ohpc">https://github.com/openhpc/ohpc</a>
pdsh-ohpc	2.35	Parallel remote shell program. <a href="https://github.com/chaos/pdsh">https://github.com/chaos/pdsh</a>
prun-ohpc	2.2	Convenience utility for parallel job launch. <a href="https://github.com/openhpc/ohpc">https://github.com/openhpc/ohpc</a>
test-suite-ohpc	4.0.0	Integration test suite for OpenHPC. <a href="https://github.com/openhpc/ohpc">https://github.com/openhpc/ohpc</a>

Table 4: **Resource Management**

RPM Package Name	Version	Info/URL
magpie-ohpc	3.0	Scripts for running Big Data software in HPC environments. <a href="https://github.com/LLNL/magpie">https://github.com/LLNL/magpie</a>
openpbs-execution-ohpc	23.06.06	OpenPBS for an execution host. <a href="http://www.openpbs.org">http://www.openpbs.org</a>
openpbs-client-ohpc	23.06.06	OpenPBS for a client host. <a href="http://www.openpbs.org">http://www.openpbs.org</a>
openpbs-server-ohpc	23.06.06	OpenPBS for a server host. <a href="http://www.openpbs.org">http://www.openpbs.org</a>
pmix-ohpc	4.2.9	An extended/exascale implementation of PMI. <a href="https://pmix.github.io/pmix">https://pmix.github.io/pmix</a>
slurm-devel-ohpc	25.05.3	Development package for Slurm. <a href="https://slurm.schedmd.com">https://slurm.schedmd.com</a>
slurm-example-configs-ohpc	25.05.3	Example config files for Slurm. <a href="https://slurm.schedmd.com">https://slurm.schedmd.com</a>
slurm-sview-ohpc	25.05.3	Graphical user interface to view and modify Slurm state. <a href="https://slurm.schedmd.com">https://slurm.schedmd.com</a>
slurm-pam_slurm-ohpc	25.05.3	PAM module for restricting access to compute nodes via Slurm. <a href="https://slurm.schedmd.com">https://slurm.schedmd.com</a>
slurm-perlapi-ohpc	25.05.3	Perl API to Slurm. <a href="https://slurm.schedmd.com">https://slurm.schedmd.com</a>
slurm-contribs-ohpc	25.05.3	Perl tool to print Slurm job state information. <a href="https://slurm.schedmd.com">https://slurm.schedmd.com</a>
slurm-ohpc	25.05.3	Slurm Workload Manager. <a href="https://slurm.schedmd.com">https://slurm.schedmd.com</a>
slurm-sackd-ohpc	25.05.3	Slurm authentication daemon. <a href="https://slurm.schedmd.com">https://slurm.schedmd.com</a>
slurm-slurmd-ohpc	25.05.3	Slurm compute node daemon. <a href="https://slurm.schedmd.com">https://slurm.schedmd.com</a>
slurm-slurmetld-ohpc	25.05.3	Slurm controller daemon. <a href="https://slurm.schedmd.com">https://slurm.schedmd.com</a>
slurm-slurmdbd-ohpc	25.05.3	Slurm database daemon. <a href="https://slurm.schedmd.com">https://slurm.schedmd.com</a>
slurm-libpmi-ohpc	25.05.3	Slurm's implementation of the pmi libraries. <a href="https://slurm.schedmd.com">https://slurm.schedmd.com</a>
slurm-torque-ohpc	25.05.3	Torque/PBS wrappers for transition from Torque/PBS to Slurm. <a href="https://slurm.schedmd.com">https://slurm.schedmd.com</a>
slurm-openlava-ohpc	25.05.3	openlava/LSF wrappers for transition from OpenLava/LSF to Slurm. <a href="https://slurm.schedmd.com">https://slurm.schedmd.com</a>

Table 5: **Compiler Families**

RPM Package Name	Version	Info/URL
gnu15-compilers-ohpc	15.1.0	The GNU C Compiler and Support Files. <a href="http://gcc.gnu.org">http://gcc.gnu.org</a>
intel-oneapi-toolkit-release-ohpc	2025.0	Intel(R) oneAPI HPC Toolkit Repository Setup. <a href="https://github.com/openhpc/ohpc">https://github.com/openhpc/ohpc</a>
intel-compilers-devel-ohpc	2025.0	OpenHPC compatibility package for Intel(R) oneAPI HPC Toolkit. <a href="https://github.com/openhpc/ohpc">https://github.com/openhpc/ohpc</a>

Table 6: MPI Families / Communication Libraries

RPM Package Name	Version	Info/URL
intel-mpi-devel-ohpc	2025.0	OpenHPC compatibility package for Intel(R) oneAPI MPI Library. <a href="https://github.com/openhpc/ohpc">https://github.com/openhpc/ohpc</a>
mpich-ofi-gnu15-ohpc mpich-ofi-intel-ohpc	3.4.3	MPICH MPI implementation. <a href="http://www.mpich.org">http://www.mpich.org</a>
mpich-ucx-gnu15-ohpc mpich-ucx-intel-ohpc	3.4.3	MPICH MPI implementation. <a href="http://www.mpich.org">http://www.mpich.org</a>
mvapich2-gnu15-ohpc mvapich2-intel-ohpc	2.3.7	OSU MVAPICH2 MPI implementation. <a href="http://mvapich.cse.ohio-state.edu">http://mvapich.cse.ohio-state.edu</a>
openmpi5-gnu15-ohpc openmpi5-intel-ohpc openmpi5-pmix-gnu15-ohpc openmpi5-pmix-intel-ohpc	5.0.8	A powerful implementation of MPI/SHMEM. <a href="http://www.open-mpi.org">http://www.open-mpi.org</a>
ucx-ohpc	1.18.0	UCX is a communication library implementing high-performance messaging. <a href="http://www.openucx.org">http://www.openucx.org</a>

Table 7: Development Tools

RPM Package Name	Version	Info/URL
EasyBuild-ohpc	5.1.2	Software build and installation framework. <a href="https://easybuilders.github.io/easybuild">https://easybuilders.github.io/easybuild</a>
automake-ohpc	1.16.5	A GNU tool for automatically creating Makefiles. <a href="http://www.gnu.org/software/automake">http://www.gnu.org/software/automake</a>
autoconf-ohpc	2.71	A GNU tool for automatically configuring source code. <a href="http://www.gnu.org/software/autoconf">http://www.gnu.org/software/autoconf</a>
cmake-ohpc	4.1.2	CMake is an open-source, cross-platform family of tools designed to build, test and package software. <a href="https://cmake.org">https://cmake.org</a>
cuda-repo-ohpc	25.9	Cuda toolkit online repository. <a href="https://github.com/openhpc/ohpc">https://github.com/openhpc/ohpc</a>
cuda-devel-ohpc	25.9	OpenHPC compatibility package for cuda. <a href="https://github.com/openhpc/ohpc">https://github.com/openhpc/ohpc</a>
hwloc-ohpc	2.12.1	Portable Hardware Locality. <a href="http://www.open-mpi.org/projects/hwloc">http://www.open-mpi.org/projects/hwloc</a>
libtool-ohpc	2.4.6	The GNU Portable Library Tool. <a href="http://www.gnu.org/software/libtool">http://www.gnu.org/software/libtool</a>
python3-numpy-gnu15-ohpc python3-numpy-intel-ohpc	1.26.4	NumPy array processing for numbers, strings, records and objects. <a href="https://github.com/numpy/numpy">https://github.com/numpy/numpy</a>
python3-mpi4py-gnu15-impi-ohpc python3-mpi4py-gnu15-mpich-ohpc python3-mpi4py-gnu15-mvapich2-ohpc python3-mpi4py-gnu15-openmpi5-ohpc python3-mpi4py-intel-impi-ohpc python3-mpi4py-intel-mpich-ohpc python3-mpi4py-intel-mvapich2-ohpc python3-mpi4py-intel-openmpi5-ohpc	3.1.5	Python bindings for the Message Passing Interface (MPI) standard. <a href="https://github.com/mpi4py/mpi4py">https://github.com/mpi4py/mpi4py</a>
spack-ohpc	1.0.1	HPC software package management. <a href="https://github.com/spack/spack">https://github.com/spack/spack</a>
valgrind-ohpc	3.25.1	Valgrind Memory Debugger. <a href="http://www.valgrind.org">http://www.valgrind.org</a>



Table 8: Performance Analysis Tools

RPM Package Name	Version	Info/URL
dimemas-gnu15-impi-ohpc dimemas-gnu15-mpich-ohpc dimemas-gnu15-mvapich2-ohpc dimemas-gnu15-openmpi5-ohpc dimemas-intel-impi-ohpc dimemas-intel-mpich-ohpc dimemas-intel-mvapich2-ohpc dimemas-intel-openmpi5-ohpc	5.4.2	Dimemas tool. <a href="https://tools.bsc.es">https://tools.bsc.es</a>
extrae-gnu15-impi-ohpc extrae-gnu15-mpich-ohpc extrae-gnu15-mvapich2-ohpc extrae-gnu15-openmpi5-ohpc extrae-intel-impi-ohpc extrae-intel-mpich-ohpc extrae-intel-mvapich2-ohpc extrae-intel-openmpi5-ohpc	3.8.3	Extrae tool. <a href="https://tools.bsc.es">https://tools.bsc.es</a>
imb-gnu15-impi-ohpc imb-gnu15-mpich-ohpc imb-gnu15-mvapich2-ohpc imb-gnu15-openmpi5-ohpc imb-intel-impi-ohpc imb-intel-mpich-ohpc imb-intel-mvapich2-ohpc imb-intel-openmpi5-ohpc	2021.3	Intel MPI Benchmarks (IMB). <a href="https://software.intel.com/en-us/articles/intel-mpi-benchmarks">https://software.intel.com/en-us/articles/intel-mpi-benchmarks</a>
likwid-gnu15-ohpc likwid-intel-ohpc	5.4.1	Performance tools for the Linux console. <a href="https://github.com/RRZE-HPC/likwid">https://github.com/RRZE-HPC/likwid</a>
omb-gnu15-impi-ohpc omb-gnu15-mpich-ohpc omb-gnu15-mvapich2-ohpc omb-gnu15-openmpi5-ohpc omb-intel-impi-ohpc omb-intel-mpich-ohpc omb-intel-mvapich2-ohpc omb-intel-openmpi5-ohpc	7.5	OSU Micro-benchmarks. <a href="https://mvapich.cse.ohio-state.edu/benchmarks">https://mvapich.cse.ohio-state.edu/benchmarks</a>
papi-ohpc	7.2.0	Performance Application Programming Interface. <a href="http://icl.cs.utk.edu/papi">http://icl.cs.utk.edu/papi</a>

Table 8 (cont): Performance Analysis Tools

RPM Package Name	Version	Info/URL
pdtoolkit-gnu15-ohpc pdtoolkit-intel-ohpc	3.25.1	PDT is a framework for analyzing source code. <a href="http://www.cs.uoregon.edu/Research/pdt">http://www.cs.uoregon.edu/Research/pdt</a>
scalasca-gnu15-impi-ohpc scalasca-gnu15-mpich-ohpc scalasca-gnu15-mvapich2-ohpc scalasca-gnu15-openmpi5-ohpc scalasca-intel-impi-ohpc scalasca-intel-mpich-ohpc scalasca-intel-mvapich2-ohpc scalasca-intel-openmpi5-ohpc	2.6.2	Toolset for performance analysis of large-scale parallel applications. <a href="http://www.scalasca.org">http://www.scalasca.org</a>
scorep-gnu15-impi-ohpc scorep-gnu15-mpich-ohpc scorep-gnu15-mvapich2-ohpc scorep-gnu15-openmpi5-ohpc scorep-intel-impi-ohpc scorep-intel-mpich-ohpc scorep-intel-mvapich2-ohpc scorep-intel-openmpi5-ohpc	9.3	Scalable Performance Measurement Infrastructure for Parallel Codes. <a href="http://www.vi-hps.org/projects/score-p">http://www.vi-hps.org/projects/score-p</a>
tau-gnu15-impi-ohpc tau-gnu15-mpich-ohpc tau-gnu15-mvapich2-ohpc tau-gnu15-openmpi5-ohpc tau-intel-impi-ohpc tau-intel-mpich-ohpc tau-intel-mvapich2-ohpc tau-intel-openmpi5-ohpc	2.34.1	Tuning and Analysis Utilities Profiling Package. <a href="http://www.cs.uoregon.edu/research/tau/home.php">http://www.cs.uoregon.edu/research/tau/home.php</a>

Table 8 (cont): Performance Analysis Tools

RPM Package Name	Version	Info/URL
tau-gnu9-impi-ohpc tau-gnu9-mpich-ohpc tau-gnu9-mvapich2-ohpc tau-gnu9-openmpi4-ohpc	2.29	Tuning and Analysis Utilities Profiling Package. <a href="http://www.cs.uoregon.edu/research/tau/home.php">http://www.cs.uoregon.edu/research/tau/home.php</a>
tau-gnu12-impi-ohpc tau-gnu12-mpich-ohpc tau-gnu12-mvapich2-ohpc tau-gnu12-openmpi4-ohpc tau-intel-impi-ohpc tau-intel-mpich-ohpc tau-intel-mvapich2-ohpc tau-intel-openmpi4-ohpc	2.31.1	

Table 9: **Lustre**

RPM Package Name	Version	Info/URL
lustre-client-ohpc	2.15.1	Lustre File System. <a href="https://wiki.whamcloud.com">https://wiki.whamcloud.com</a>

Table 10: IO Libraries

RPM Package Name	Version	Info/URL
adios2-gnu15-impi-ohpc adios2-gnu15-mpich-ohpc adios2-gnu15-mvapich2-ohpc adios2-gnu15-openmpi5-ohpc adios2-intel-impi-ohpc adios2-intel-mpich-ohpc adios2-intel-mvapich2-ohpc adios2-intel-openmpi5-ohpc	2.10.2	The Adaptable IO System v2 (ADIOS2). <a href="https://adios2.readthedocs.io/en/latest/index.html">https://adios2.readthedocs.io/en/latest/index.html</a>
cubew-gnu15-ohpc cubew-intel-ohpc	4.9	CUBE Uniform Behavioral Encoding generic presentation writer component.
hdf5-gnu15-ohpc hdf5-intel-ohpc	1.14.6	A general purpose library and file format for storing scientific data. <a href="http://www.hdfgroup.org/HDF5">http://www.hdfgroup.org/HDF5</a>
netcdf-cxx-gnu15-impi-ohpc netcdf-cxx-gnu15-mpich-ohpc netcdf-cxx-gnu15-mvapich2-ohpc	4.3.1	C++ Libraries for the Unidata network Common Data Form. <a href="http://www.unidata.ucar.edu/software/netcdf">http://www.unidata.ucar.edu/software/netcdf</a>
netcdf-cxx-gnu15-ohpc netcdf-cxx-gnu15-openmpi5-ohpc netcdf-cxx-intel-impi-ohpc netcdf-cxx-intel-mpich-ohpc netcdf-cxx-intel-mvapich2-ohpc netcdf-cxx-intel-ohpc netcdf-cxx-intel-openmpi5-ohpc	4.3.1	C++ Libraries for the Unidata network Common Data Form. <a href="http://www.unidata.ucar.edu/software/netcdf">http://www.unidata.ucar.edu/software/netcdf</a>
netcdf-fortran-gnu15-impi-ohpc netcdf-fortran-gnu15-mpich-ohpc netcdf-fortran-gnu15-mvapich2-ohpc	4.6.2	Fortran Libraries for the Unidata network Common Data Form. <a href="http://www.unidata.ucar.edu/software/netcdf">http://www.unidata.ucar.edu/software/netcdf</a>
netcdf-fortran-gnu15-ohpc netcdf-fortran-gnu15-openmpi5-ohpc netcdf-fortran-intel-impi-ohpc netcdf-fortran-intel-mpich-ohpc netcdf-fortran-intel-mvapich2-ohpc netcdf-fortran-intel-ohpc netcdf-fortran-intel-openmpi5-ohpc	4.6.2	Fortran Libraries for the Unidata network Common Data Form. <a href="http://www.unidata.ucar.edu/software/netcdf">http://www.unidata.ucar.edu/software/netcdf</a>
netcdf-gnu15-impi-ohpc netcdf-gnu15-mpich-ohpc netcdf-gnu15-mvapich2-ohpc	4.9.3	C Libraries for the Unidata network Common Data Form. <a href="http://www.unidata.ucar.edu/software/netcdf">http://www.unidata.ucar.edu/software/netcdf</a>
netcdf-gnu15-ohpc netcdf-gnu15-openmpi5-ohpc netcdf-intel-impi-ohpc netcdf-intel-mpich-ohpc netcdf-intel-mvapich2-ohpc netcdf-intel-ohpc netcdf-intel-openmpi5-ohpc	4.9.3	C Libraries for the Unidata network Common Data Form. <a href="http://www.unidata.ucar.edu/software/netcdf">http://www.unidata.ucar.edu/software/netcdf</a>
otf2-gnu15-impi-ohpc otf2-gnu15-mpich-ohpc otf2-gnu15-mvapich2-ohpc otf2-gnu15-openmpi5-ohpc otf2-intel-impi-ohpc otf2-intel-mpich-ohpc otf2-intel-mvapich2-ohpc otf2-intel-openmpi5-ohpc	3.1.1	Open Trace Format 2 library. <a href="http://score-p.org">http://score-p.org</a>
phdf5-gnu15-impi-ohpc phdf5-gnu15-mpich-ohpc phdf5-gnu15-mvapich2-ohpc phdf5-gnu15-openmpi5-ohpc phdf5-intel-impi-ohpc phdf5-intel-mpich-ohpc phdf5-intel-mvapich2-ohpc	1.14.6	44 Rev: c351daadace79425be0d227a1cca210a49312ff1 A general purpose library and file format for storing scientific data. <a href="http://www.hdfgroup.org/HDF5">http://www.hdfgroup.org/HDF5</a>

Table 10 (cont): **IO Libraries**

RPM Package Name	Version	Info/URL
pnetcdf-gnu15-impi-ohpc pnetcdf-gnu15-mpich-ohpc pnetcdf-gnu15-mvapich2-ohpc pnetcdf-gnu15-openmpi5-ohpc pnetcdf-intel-impi-ohpc pnetcdf-intel-mpich-ohpc pnetcdf-intel-mvapich2-ohpc pnetcdf-intel-openmpi5-ohpc	1.14.0	A Parallel NetCDF library (PnetCDF). <a href="http://cucis.ece.northwestern.edu/projects/PnetCDF">http://cucis.ece.northwestern.edu/projects/PnetCDF</a>
sionlib-gnu15-impi-ohpc sionlib-gnu15-mpich-ohpc sionlib-gnu15-mvapich2-ohpc sionlib-gnu15-openmpi5-ohpc sionlib-intel-impi-ohpc sionlib-intel-mpich-ohpc sionlib-intel-mvapich2-ohpc sionlib-intel-openmpi5-ohpc	1.7.7	Scalable I/O Library for Parallel Access to Task-Local Files. <a href="https://apps.fz-juelich.de/jsc/sionlib/docu/index.html">https://apps.fz-juelich.de/jsc/sionlib/docu/index.html</a>

Table 11: **Runtimes**

RPM Package Name	Version	Info/URL
charliecloud-ohpc	0.40	Lightweight user-defined software stacks for high-performance computing. <a href="https://charliecloud.io">https://charliecloud.io</a>

Table 12: **Serial/Threaded Libraries**

RPM Package Name	Version	Info/URL
R-gnu15-ohpc	4.5.0	R is a language and environment for statistical computing and graphics. <a href="http://www.r-project.org/">http://www.r-project.org/</a>
cubelib-gnu15-ohpc	4.9	CUDA-Enhanced BLAS-like <a href="http://ngvgenieproject.org">http://ngvgenieproject.org</a>
cubelib-intel-ohpc		library component.
gotcha-gnu15-ohpc	1.0.8	A library for wrapping glibc functions to shared libraries <a href="http://www.fortran-lang.org/doc/1.0.8/fortran.html">http://www.fortran-lang.org/doc/1.0.8/fortran.html</a>
gotcha-intel-ohpc		<a href="https://github.com/llnl/gotcha">https://github.com/llnl/gotcha</a>
gsl-gnu15-ohpc	2.8	GNU Scientific Library (GSL). <a href="http://www.gnu.org/software/gsl">http://www.gnu.org/software/gsl</a>
gsl-intel-ohpc		
metis-gnu15-ohpc	5.1.0	Serial Graph Partitioning and Fill-reducing Matrix Ordering. <a href="http://glaros.dtc.umn.edu/gkhome/metis/metis/overview">http://glaros.dtc.umn.edu/gkhome/metis/metis/overview</a>
metis-intel-ohpc		
openblas-gnu15-ohpc	0.3.29	An optimized BLAS library based on GotoBLAS2.
opari2-gnu15-ohpc	2.0.9	An OpenMP runtime performance measurement instrumenter. <a href="https://www.vi-hps.org/projects/score-p">https://www.vi-hps.org/projects/score-p</a>
opari2-intel-ohpc		
plasma-gnu15-ohpc	24.8.7	Parallel Linear Algebra Software for Multicore Architectures. <a href="https://github.com/icl-utk-edu/plasma">https://github.com/icl-utk-edu/plasma</a>
plasma-intel-ohpc		
scotch-gnu15-ohpc	7.0.7	Graph, mesh and hypergraph partitioning library. <a href="https://gitlab.inria.fr/scotch/scotch">https://gitlab.inria.fr/scotch/scotch</a>
scotch-intel-ohpc		
superlu-gnu15-ohpc	7.0.0	A general purpose library for the direct solution of linear equations. <a href="http://crd.lbl.gov/~xiaoye/SuperLU">http://crd.lbl.gov/~xiaoye/SuperLU</a>
superlu-intel-ohpc		

Table 13: **Parallel Libraries**

RPM Package Name	Version	Info/URL
boost-gnu15-impi-ohpc boost-gnu15-mpich-ohpc boost-gnu15-mvapich2-ohpc boost-gnu15-openmpi5-ohpc boost-intel-impi-ohpc boost-intel-mpich-ohpc boost-intel-mvapich2-ohpc boost-intel-openmpi5-ohpc	1.88.0	Free peer-reviewed portable C++ source libraries. <a href="http://www.boost.org">http://www.boost.org</a>
fftw-gnu15-impi-ohpc fftw-gnu15-mpich-ohpc fftw-gnu15-mvapich2-ohpc fftw-gnu15-openmpi5-ohpc fftw-intel-impi-ohpc fftw-intel-mpich-ohpc fftw-intel-mvapich2-ohpc fftw-intel-openmpi5-ohpc	3.3.10	A Fast Fourier Transform library. <a href="http://www.fftw.org">http://www.fftw.org</a>
hypre-gnu15-impi-ohpc hypre-gnu15-mpich-ohpc hypre-gnu15-mvapich2-ohpc hypre-gnu15-openmpi5-ohpc hypre-intel-impi-ohpc hypre-intel-mpich-ohpc hypre-intel-mvapich2-ohpc hypre-intel-openmpi5-ohpc	2.33.0	Scalable algorithms for solving linear systems of equations. <a href="http://www.llnl.gov/casc/hypre">http://www.llnl.gov/casc/hypre</a>
mfem-gnu15-impi-ohpc mfem-gnu15-mpich-ohpc mfem-gnu15-mvapich2-ohpc mfem-gnu15-openmpi5-ohpc mfem-intel-impi-ohpc mfem-intel-mpich-ohpc mfem-intel-mvapich2-ohpc mfem-intel-openmpi5-ohpc	4.4	Lightweight, general, scalable C++ library for finite element methods. <a href="http://mfem.org">http://mfem.org</a>

Table 13 (cont): **Parallel Libraries**

RPM Package Name	Version	Info/URL
mumps-gnu15-impi-ohpc mumps-gnu15-mpich-ohpc mumps-gnu15-mvapich2-ohpc mumps-gnu15-openmpi5-ohpc mumps-intel-impi-ohpc mumps-intel-mpich-ohpc mumps-intel-mvapich2-ohpc mumps-intel-openmpi5-ohpc	5.8.1	A MULTifrontal Massively Parallel Sparse direct Solver. <a href="https://mumps-solver.org">https://mumps-solver.org</a>
petsc-gnu15-impi-ohpc petsc-gnu15-mpich-ohpc petsc-gnu15-mvapich2-ohpc petsc-gnu15-openmpi5-ohpc petsc-intel-impi-ohpc petsc-intel-mpich-ohpc petsc-intel-mvapich2-ohpc petsc-intel-openmpi5-ohpc	3.23.5	Portable Extensible Toolkit for Scientific Computation. <a href="http://www.mcs.anl.gov/petsc">http://www.mcs.anl.gov/petsc</a>
ptscotch-gnu15-impi-ohpc ptscotch-gnu15-mpich-ohpc ptscotch-gnu15-mvapich2-ohpc ptscotch-gnu15-openmpi5-ohpc ptscotch-intel-impi-ohpc ptscotch-intel-mpich-ohpc ptscotch-intel-mvapich2-ohpc ptscotch-intel-openmpi5-ohpc	7.0.7	Graph, mesh and hypergraph partitioning library using MPI. <a href="http://www.labri.fr/perso/pelegrin/scotch">http://www.labri.fr/perso/pelegrin/scotch</a>
scalapack-gnu15-impi-ohpc scalapack-gnu15-mpich-ohpc scalapack-gnu15-mvapich2-ohpc scalapack-gnu15-openmpi5-ohpc scalapack-intel-impi-ohpc scalapack-intel-mpich-ohpc scalapack-intel-mvapich2-ohpc scalapack-intel-openmpi5-ohpc	2.2.2	A subset of LAPACK routines redesigned for heterogeneous computing. <a href="https://netlib.org/scalapack">https://netlib.org/scalapack</a>
slepc-gnu15-impi-ohpc slepc-gnu15-mpich-ohpc slepc-gnu15-mvapich2-ohpc slepc-gnu15-openmpi5-ohpc slepc-intel-impi-ohpc slepc-intel-mpich-ohpc slepc-intel-mvapich2-ohpc slepc-intel-openmpi5-ohpc	3.23.0	A library for solving large scale sparse eigenvalue problems. <a href="http://slepc.upv.es">http://slepc.upv.es</a>



Table 13 (cont): **Parallel Libraries**

RPM Package Name	Version	Info/URL
superlu_dist-gnu15-impi-ohpc superlu_dist-gnu15-mpich-ohpc superlu_dist-gnu15-mvapich2-ohpc superlu_dist-gnu15-openmpi5-ohpc superlu_dist-intel-impi-ohpc superlu_dist-intel-mpich-ohpc superlu_dist-intel-mvapich2-ohpc superlu_dist-intel-openmpi5-ohpc	6.4.0	A general purpose library for the direct solution of linear equations. <a href="https://portal.nersc.gov/project/sparse/superlu">https://portal.nersc.gov/project/sparse/superlu</a>
trilinos-gnu15-impi-ohpc trilinos-gnu15-mpich-ohpc trilinos-gnu15-mvapich2-ohpc trilinos-gnu15-openmpi5-ohpc trilinos-intel-impi-ohpc trilinos-intel-mpich-ohpc trilinos-intel-mvapich2-ohpc trilinos-intel-openmpi5-ohpc	16.1.0	A collection of libraries of numerical algorithms. <a href="https://trilinos.org">https://trilinos.org</a>

## E Package Signatures

All of the RPMs provided via the OpenHPC repository are signed with a GPG signature. By default, the underlying package managers will verify these signatures during installation to ensure that packages have not been altered. The RPMs can also be manually verified and the public signing key fingerprint for the latest repository is shown below:

**Fingerprint: 5E33 3CA3 A1BD BBC9 DF14 9D74 09AD FAE4 D722A692**

The following command can be used to verify an RPM once it has been downloaded locally by confirming if the package is signed, and if so, indicating which key was used to sign it. The example below highlights usage for a local copy of the `docs-ohpc` package and illustrates how the *key ID* matches the fingerprint shown above.

```
[sms]# rpm --checksig -v ohpc-release-4-1.el10.x86_64.rpm
ohpc-release-4-1.el10.x86_64.rpm:
  Header V3 RSA/SHA256 Signature, key ID d722a692: OK
  Header SHA256 digest: OK
  Header SHA1 digest: OK
  Payload SHA256 digest: OK
  V3 RSA/SHA256 Signature, key ID d722a692: OK
  MD5 digest: OK
```